EMERGENCY RULE ADOPTION PREAMBLE

The Executive Commissioner of the Texas Health and Human Services Commission (HHSC) adopts on an emergency basis in Title 26, Texas Administrative Code, Chapter 553, Licensing Standards for Assisted Living Facilities, Subchapter K, COVID-19 Emergency Rule, new §553.2003, an emergency rule in response to COVID-19 describing requirements for limited indoor and outdoor visitation in a facility. As authorized by Texas Government Code §2001.034, the Commission may adopt an emergency rule without prior notice or hearing if it finds that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare requires adoption on fewer than 30 days’ notice. Emergency rules adopted under Texas Government Code §2001.034 may be effective for not longer than 120 days and may be renewed for not longer than 60 days.

BACKGROUND AND PURPOSE

The purpose of the emergency rulemaking is to support the Governor’s March 13, 2020, proclamation certifying that the COVID-19 virus poses an imminent threat of disaster in the state and declaring a state of disaster for all counties in Texas. In this proclamation, the Governor authorized the use of all available resources of state government and of political subdivisions that are reasonably necessary to cope with this disaster and directed that government entities and businesses would continue providing essential services. HHSC accordingly finds that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, and welfare of the state requires immediate adoption of this emergency rule for Assisted Living Facility COVID-19 Response--Expansion of Reopening Visitation.

To protect assisted living facility residents and the public health, safety, and welfare of the state during the COVID-19 pandemic, HHSC is adopting an emergency rule to require limited indoor and outdoor visitation in an assisted living facility. The purpose of the new rule is to describe the requirements related to such visits.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY

The emergency rulemaking is adopted under Texas Government Code §2001.034 and §531.0055, and Texas Health and Safety Code §247.025 and §247.026. Texas Government Code §2001.034 authorizes the adoption of emergency rules without prior notice and hearing, if an agency finds that an imminent peril to the public health, safety, or welfare requires adoption of a rule on fewer than 30 days' notice. Texas Government Code §531.0055 authorizes the Executive Commissioner of HHSC to adopt rules and policies necessary for the operation and provision of health and human services by HHSC. Texas Health and Safety Code §247.025 and
§247.026 require the Executive Commissioner of HHSC to adopt rules necessary to implement Chapter 247 and to adopt rules prescribing minimum standards to protect the health and safety of assisted living facility residents.


The agency hereby certifies that the emergency adoption has been reviewed by legal counsel and found to be a valid exercise of the agency’s legal authority.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

For further information, please call: (512) 438-3161

(a) The following words and terms, when used in this subchapter, have the following meanings.

(1) Closed window visit--A personal visit between a personal visitor and a resident during which the resident and personal visitor are separated by a closed window and the personal visitor does not enter the facility.

(2) COVID-19 negative--The status of a person who has either tested negative for COVID-19, is not exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19, and has had no known exposure to the virus in the last 14 days.

(3) COVID-19 positive--The status of a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 and does not yet meet the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) guidance for the discontinuation of transmission-based precautions.

(4) End-of-life visit--A personal visit between a personal visitor and a resident who is receiving hospice services or who is at or near the end of life, with or without receiving hospice services, or whose prognosis does not indicate recovery. An end-of-life visit is permitted for all residents at or near the end of life.

(5) Essential caregiver--A family member or other outside caregiver, including a friend, volunteer, clergy member, private personal caregiver, or court-appointed guardian, who is at least 18 years old and has been designated by the resident or legal representative.

(6) Essential caregiver visit--A personal visit between a resident and an essential caregiver. An essential caregiver visit is permitted for all residents with any COVID-19 status.

(7) Facility-acquired COVID-19 infection--COVID-19 infection that is acquired after admission in a facility and was not present at the end of the 14-day quarantine period following admission or readmission.

(8) Indoor visit--A personal visit between a resident and one or more personal visitors that occurs in-person in a dedicated indoor space.

(9) Open window visit--A personal visit between a resident and a personal visitor during which the resident and personal visitor are separated by an open window.
(10) Outbreak--One or more laboratory confirmed cases of COVID-19 identified in either a resident or paid or unpaid staff.

(11) Outdoor visit--A personal visit between a resident and one or more personal visitors that occurs in-person in a dedicated outdoor space.

(12) Persons providing critical assistance--Providers of essential services, persons with legal authority to enter, and family members or friends of residents at the end of life, and designated essential caregivers.

(13) Persons with legal authority to enter--Law enforcement officers, representatives of the long-term care ombudsman's office, and government personnel performing their official duties.

(14) Physical distancing--Maintaining a minimum of six feet between persons, avoiding gathering in groups in accordance with state and local orders, and avoiding unnecessary physical contact.

(15) Plexiglass indoor visit--A personal visit between a resident and one or more personal visitors, during which the resident and the personal visitor are both inside the facility but within a booth separated by a plexiglass barrier.

(16) PPE--Personal protective equipment.

(17) Providers of essential services--Contract doctors or nurses, home health and hospice workers, health care professionals, contract professionals, and clergy members and spiritual counselors, whose services are necessary to ensure resident health and safety.

(18) Salon services visit--A personal visit between a resident and a salon services visitor.

(19) Salon services visitor--A barber, beautician, or cosmetologist providing hair care or personal grooming services to a resident.

(20) Unknown COVID-19 status--The status of a person who is a new admission or readmission, has spent one or more nights away from the facility, has had known exposure or close contact with a person who is COVID-19 positive, or who is exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 while awaiting test results.

(21) Vehicle parade--A personal visit between a resident and one or more personal visitors, during which the resident remains outdoors on the facility’s property and a personal visitor drives past in a vehicle.

(b) An assisted living facility must screen all visitors prior to allowing them to enter the facility in accordance with subsection (c) of this section, except emergency services personnel entering the facility or facility campus in an emergency. Visitor
screenings must be documented in a log kept at the entrance to the facility, which must include the name of each person screened, the date and time of the screening, and the results of the screening. The visitor screening log may contain protected health information and must be protected in accordance with applicable state and federal law.

(c) Visitors who meet any of the following screening criteria must leave the facility and reschedule the visit:

(1) fever, defined as a temperature of 100.4 Fahrenheit and above, or signs or symptoms of a respiratory infection, such as cough, shortness of breath, or sore throat;

(2) other signs or symptoms of COVID-19, including chills, new or worsening cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea or vomiting, or diarrhea;

(3) any other signs and symptoms as outlined by the CDC in Symptoms of Coronavirus at cdc.gov;

(4) contact in the last 14 days with someone who has a confirmed diagnosis of COVID-19, is under investigation for COVID-19, or is ill with a respiratory illness, regardless of whether the person is fully vaccinated; or

(5) has tested positive for COVID-19 in the last 10 days.

(d) An assisted living facility must allow persons providing critical assistance, including essential caregivers, and persons with legal authority to enter to enter the facility if they pass the screening subsection (c) of this section.

(e) A person providing critical assistance who has had contact with a person with COVID-19 positive or COVID-19 unknown status, but does not meet the CDC definition of close contact or unprotected exposure, must not be denied entry to the facility unless the person providing critical assistance does not pass the screening criteria described in subsection (c)(1) - (3) and (5) of this section, or any other screening criteria based on CDC guidance.

(f) If the facility has offered a complete series of a one- or two-dose COVID-19 vaccine to residents and staff and documented each resident’s choice to vaccinate or not vaccinate, the facility must allow essential caregiver visits, end-of-life visits, indoor visits, and outdoor visits as required in this subsection. If a facility fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection, HHSC may take action in accordance with Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Enforcement).
(1) A facility may not require a visitor to provide documentation of a COVID-19 negative test or COVID-19 vaccination status as a condition of visitation or to enter the facility.

(2) The following requirements apply to essential caregiver visits.

(A) There may be up to two permanently designated essential caregiver visitors per resident.

(B) Up to two essential caregivers may visit a resident at the same time.

(C) The visit may occur outdoors, in the resident’s bedroom, or in another area in the facility that limits the visitor movement through the facility and interaction with other residents and staff.

(D) Essential caregiver visitors do not have to maintain physical distancing between themselves and the resident they are visiting but must maintain physical distancing between themselves and all other residents and staff.

(E) The resident must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the visit.

(F) The facility must develop and enforce essential caregiver visitation policies and procedures, which include:

   (i) a written agreement that the essential caregiver understands and agrees to follow the applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

   (ii) training each essential caregiver on proper PPE usage and infection control measures, hand hygiene, and cough and sneeze etiquette;

   (iii) a requirement that the essential caregiver must wear a facemask or face covering and any other appropriate PPE recommended by CDC guidance and the facility’s policy while in the facility;

   (iv) expectations regarding using only designated entrances and exits as directed, if applicable; and

   (v) limiting visitation to the area designated by the facility in accordance with subparagraph (C) of this paragraph.

(G) An assisted living facility must:

   (i) inform the essential caregiver of applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

   (ii) approve the essential caregiver’s facemask or face covering and any
other appropriate PPE recommended by CDC guidance and the facility’s policy, or provide an approved facemask or face covering and other appropriate PPE;

(iii) maintain documentation of the essential caregiver’s agreement to follow the applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

(iv) maintain documentation of the essential caregiver’s training as required in subparagraph (F)(ii) of this paragraph;

(v) maintain documentation of the identity of each essential caregiver in the resident’s records and verify the identity of the essential caregiver at the time of each visit; and

(vi) maintain a record of each essential caregiver visit, including:

(I) the date and time of the arrival and departure of the essential caregiver visitor;

(II) the name of the essential caregiver visitor;

(III) the name of the resident being visited; and

(IV) attestation that the identity of the essential caregiver visitor was confirmed; and

(vii) prevent visitation by the essential caregiver visitor if the essential caregiver visitor has signs and symptoms of COVID-19 or an active COVID-19 infection.

(H) The facility may cancel the essential caregiver visit if the essential caregiver fails to comply with the facility’s policy regarding essential caregiver visits or applicable requirements in this section.

(3) To permit indoor visitation an assisted living facility must:

(A) have separate areas, which include enclosed rooms such as bedrooms, or activities rooms, units, wings, halls, or buildings, designated for COVID-19 positive, COVID-19 negative, and unknown COVID-19 status resident cohorts; and

(B) ensure separate staff are designated to work with only one resident cohort and the designation does not change from one day to another.

(4) An assisted living facility must provide instructional signage throughout the facility and proper visitor education regarding:

(A) the signs and symptoms of COVID-19;
(B) infection control precautions; and

(C) other applicable facility practices (e.g., use of facemasks and other appropriate PPE, specified entries and exits, routes to designated visitation areas, and hand hygiene).

(5) The following limits apply to all visitation allowed under this subsection.

(A) Visitation appointments must be scheduled to allow time for cleaning and sanitization of the visitation area between visits.

(B) Except as provided in subparagraph (C) of this paragraph, indoor visits and outdoor visits are permitted only for residents who are COVID-19 negative.

(C) Essential caregiver visits and end-of-life visits are permitted for residents who have COVID-19 negative, COVID-19 positive, or unknown COVID-19 status.

(D) A resident may choose to have close or personal contact with their visitor during the visit. The visitor must maintain physical distancing between themselves and all other persons in the facility.

(E) Visits are permitted where adequate space is available as necessary to ensure physical distancing between visitation groups and safe infection prevention and control measures, including the resident’s room. The facility must limit the movement of the visitor through the facility to ensure interaction with other persons in the facility is minimized.

(F) The visitor must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose throughout the visit.

(G) The facility must encourage the resident to wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the visit. The resident may remove their facemask or face covering to eat or drink during the visit.

(H) A facility must ensure equal access by all residents to visitors and essential caregivers.

(I) Cleaning and disinfecting the visitation area, furniture, and all other items must be performed, per CDC guidance, before and after each visit.

(J) A facility must ensure a comfortable and safe outdoor visitation area for outdoor visits, considering outside air temperature and ventilation.

(K) A facility must provide hand washing stations, or hand sanitizer, to the visitor and resident before and after visits.
(L) The visitor and the resident must practice hand hygiene before and after the visit.

(g) If the facility has not offered a complete series of a one- or two-dose COVID-19 vaccine to residents, the facility must allow limited personal visitation as described in this subsection upon meeting the qualifications described in paragraph (3) of this subsection. These criteria are not required for a closed window visit, an end-of-life visit, or an essential caregiver visit as defined in subsection (a)(1), (4), and (6) of this section. If a facility fails to comply with the requirements of this subsection, HHSC may take action in accordance with Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Enforcement).

(1) A facility may not require a visitor to provide documentation of a COVID-19 negative test or COVID-19 vaccination status as a condition of visitation or to enter the facility.

(2) The following requirements apply to essential caregiver visits.

   (A) There may be up to two permanently designated essential caregivers per resident.

   (B) Only one essential caregiver visitor at a time may visit a resident.

   (C) The visit may occur outdoors, in the resident’s bedroom, or in another area in the facility that limits visitor movement through the facility and interaction with other residents and staff.

   (D) Essential caregiver visitors do not have to maintain physical distancing between themselves and the resident they are visiting but must maintain physical distancing between themselves and all other residents and staff.

   (E) The resident must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the visit.

   (F) The facility must develop and enforce essential caregiver visitation policies and procedures, which include:

      (i) a written agreement that the essential caregiver understands and agrees to follow the applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

      (ii) training each essential caregiver on proper PPE usage and infection control measures, hand hygiene, and cough and sneeze etiquette;

      (iii) a requirement that the essential caregiver must wear a facemask or face covering and any other appropriate PPE recommended by CDC guidance and the facility’s policy while in the facility;
(iv) expectations regarding using only designated entrances and exits as directed, if applicable; and

(v) limiting visitation to the area designated by the facility in accordance with subparagraph (C) of this paragraph.

(G) An assisted living facility must:

(i) inform the essential caregiver visitor of applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

(ii) approve the essential caregiver visitor’s facemask or face covering and any other appropriate PPE recommended by CDC guidance and the facility’s policy, or provide an approved facemask or face covering and other appropriate PPE;

(iii) maintain documentation of the essential caregiver’s agreement to follow the applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

(iv) maintain documentation of the essential caregiver’s training as required in subparagraph (F)(ii) of this paragraph;

(v) maintain documentation of the identity of each essential caregiver visitor in the resident’s records and verify the identity of the essential caregiver visitor at the time of each visit;

(vi) maintain a record of each essential caregiver visit, including:

(I) the date and time of the arrival and departure of the essential caregiver visitor;

(II) the name of the essential caregiver visitor;

(III) the name of the resident being visited; and

(IV) attestation that the identity of the essential caregiver visitor was verified; and

(vii) prevent visitation by the essential caregiver visitor if the essential caregiver has signs and symptoms of COVID-19 or active COVID-19 infection.

(H) The facility may cancel the essential caregiver visit if the essential caregiver fails to comply with the facility’s policy regarding essential caregiver visits or applicable requirements in this section.

(3) To allow limited personal visitation in accordance with paragraph (8) of this subsection, a facility must submit a completed HHSC Long-term Care Regulation (LTCR) form 2196, COVID-19 Status Attestation form, including a facility map
indicating which areas accommodate COVID-19 negative, COVID-19 positive, and unknown COVID-19 status residents, to the Regional Director in the LTCR Region where the facility is located. A facility with previous approval for visitation does not have to submit Form 2196 and a facility map, unless the previous visitation approval has been withdrawn, rescinded, or cancelled. To receive a facility visitation designation, an assisted living facility must demonstrate that:

(A) there are separate areas, which include enclosed rooms such as bedrooms or activities rooms, units, wings, halls, or buildings designated for resident cohorts who are COVID-19 positive, COVID-19 negative or unknown COVID-19 status;

(B) separate dedicated staff are working exclusively in the separate areas, units, wings, halls, or buildings for residents who are COVID-19 positive, COVID-19 negative or unknown COVID-19 status;

(C) there have been no confirmed COVID-19 cases for at least 14 consecutive days in staff working in the area, unit, wing, hall, or building that accommodates residents who are COVID-19 negative;

(D) there have been no facility-acquired COVID-19 confirmed cases for at least 14 consecutive days in residents in the COVID-19 negative area, unit, wing, hall, or building;

(E) staff are designated to work with only one resident cohort and the designation does not change from one day to another;

(F) evidence upon HHSC request of daily screening for staff and residents, if a testing strategy is not used; and

(G) if an assisted living facility has had previous cases of COVID-19 in staff or residents in the area, unit, wing, hall, or building that accommodates residents who are COVID-19 negative, LTCR may conduct a verification survey to confirm the following:

(i) all staff and residents in the COVID-19 negative area, unit, wing, hall, or building have fully recovered;

(ii) the assisted living facility has adequate staffing to continue care for all residents and administer visits permitted by this section; and

(iii) the assisted living facility is in compliance with infection control requirements and emergency rules related to COVID-19.

(4) A small assisted living facility that cannot provide separate areas, including enclosed rooms such as bedrooms or activities rooms, units, wings, halls, or buildings for residents who are COVID-19 positive, COVID-19 negative, or unknown
COVID-19 status must demonstrate:

(A) there have been no confirmed COVID-19 cases for at least 14 consecutive days in staff;

(B) there have been no facility-acquired COVID-19 confirmed cases for at least 14 consecutive days in residents; and

(C) if an assisted living facility has had previous cases of COVID-19 in staff or residents, LTCR may conduct a verification survey and confirm the following:

(i) all staff and residents have fully recovered;

(ii) the assisted living facility has adequate staffing to continue care for all residents and administer visits permitted by this section; and

(iii) the assisted living facility is in compliance with infection control requirements and emergency rules related to COVID-19.

(5) An assisted living facility that does not meet the criteria in paragraphs (3) or (4) of this subsection to receive a visitation designation, must:

(A) permit closed window visits and visits by persons providing critical assistance, including essential caregiver visits and end-of-life visits;

(B) develop and implement a plan describing the steps the facility intends to take in order to meet the criteria; and

(C) submit the plan to the Regional Director in the LTCR Region where the facility is located within five business days of submitting the form or of receiving notification from HHSC that the facility was not approved for visitation designation.

(6) An assisted living facility may request exemption from requirements of this section that a facility with a visitation designation allow certain personal visits. Facilities may not request, and HHSC will not approve, an exemption from closed window visits or visits by persons providing critical assistance, including essential caregivers and end-of-life visits. If the assisted living facility determines it is unable to meet one or more of the other visitation requirements of this section, the facility must request exemption from that requirement and explain its inability to meet the visitation requirement on the COVID-19 Status Attestation Form. HHSC will notify the assisted living facility if a temporary exemption for a specific visit type is granted and the time period for exemption.

(7) An assisted living facility must provide instructional signage throughout the facility and proper visitor education regarding:

(A) the signs and symptoms of COVID-19 signs;
(B) infection control precautions; and

(C) other applicable facility practices (e.g., use of facemask or other appropriate PPE, specified entries and exits, routes to designated visitation areas, and hand hygiene).

(8) Except if approved by HHSC for an exemption under paragraph (6) of this subsection, an assisted living facility with a facility visitation designation must allow outdoor visits, open window visits, vehicle parades, and plexiglass indoor visits involving residents and personal visitors. The following requirements apply to all visitation required under this subsection, and other visitation types as specified:

(A) Open window visits, vehicle parades, outdoor visits, and plexiglass indoor visits are permitted as can be accommodated by the facility only for residents who are COVID-19 negative.

(B) Closed window visits, end-of-life visits, and essential caregiver visits are permitted for residents who are COVID-19 negative, COVID-19 positive, or unknown COVID-19 status as can be accommodated by the facility.

(C) Physical contact between residents and visitors is prohibited, except for essential caregiver visits and end-of-life visits.

(D) Visits are permitted only where adequate space is available that meets the criteria and when adequate staff are available to comply with this section. Essential caregiver visits and end-of-life visits can take place in the resident’s room or other area of the facility separated from other residents. The facility must limit the movement of the visitor through the facility to ensure interaction with other residents is minimized.

(E) The visitor must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose throughout the visit, except visitors participating in a vehicle parade or closed window visit.

(F) The resident must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the visit.

(G) The facility must remind personal visitors and residents about physical distancing of at least six feet and face mask or face covering requirements either verbally or with a notice posted visible to personal visitors or handed to them. The facility must limit the number of visitors and residents in the visitation area as needed to ensure physical distancing is maintained. Essential caregiver and end-of-life visitors do not have to maintain physical distancing between themselves and the resident they are visiting, but they must maintain physical distancing between themselves and all other residents, staff, and other visitors.
(H) Cleaning and disinfecting the visitation area, furniture, and all other items must be performed, per CDC guidance, before and after each visit. The facility must schedule visits as necessary to allow time for sanitization between visits.

(I) The facility must ensure a comfortable and safe outdoor visiting area for outdoor visits, open window visits, and vehicle parades, considering outside air temperatures, weather conditions, and ventilation.

(J) For outdoor visits, the facility must designate an outdoor area for visitation that is separated from residents and limits the ability of the visitor to interact with residents.

(K) A facility must provide hand washing stations or hand sanitizer to the visitor and resident before and after visits, except visitors participating in a vehicle parade or closed window visit.

(L) The visitor and the resident must practice hand hygiene before and after the visit, except visitors participating in a vehicle parade or closed window visit.

(9) The following requirements apply to vehicle parades.

(A) Visitors must remain in their vehicles throughout the parade.

(B) The facility must encourage physical distancing of at least six feet between residents throughout the parade.

(C) The facility must prohibit residents from being closer than 10 feet to the vehicles for safety reasons.

(D) The facility must encourage residents to wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the parade.

(10) The following requirements apply to plexiglass indoor visits.

(A) The plexiglass barrier must be installed in an area where it does not impede a means of egress, does not impede or interfere with any fire safety equipment or system, and minimizes access to the rest of the facility and contact between personal visitors and other residents.

(B) Prior to using the booth, the facility must submit for approval a photo of the plexiglass visitation booth and its location in the facility to the Life Safety Code Program Manager in the LTCR Region in which the facility is located and must receive approval from HHSC.

(C) The visit must be supervised by facility staff for the duration of the visit.
(D) The resident must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the visit.

(E) The visitor must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose throughout the visit.

(F) The facility shall limit the number of visitors and residents in the visitation area as needed.

(h) A facility may allow a salon services visitor to enter the facility to provide services to a resident only if:

1. the salon services visitor passes the screening described in subsection (c) of this section;

2. the salon services visitor agrees to comply with the most current version of the Minimum Standard Health Protocols – Checklist for Cosmetology Salons/Hair Salons, located on website: open.texas.gov; and

3. the requirements of subsection (i) of this section are met.

(i) The following requirements apply to salon services visits.

1. A salon services visit may be permitted for all residents with COVID-19 negative status.

2. The visit may occur outdoors, in the resident’s bedroom, or in another area in the facility that limits visitor movement through the facility and interaction with other persons in the facility.

3. Salon services visitors do not have to maintain physical distancing between themselves and each resident they are visiting, but they must maintain physical distancing between themselves and all other persons in the facility.

4. The resident must wear a facemask or face covering over both the mouth and nose, if tolerated, throughout the visit.

5. The facility must develop and enforce salon services visitation policies and procedures, which include:

   (A) a testing strategy for salon services visitors;

   (B) a written agreement that the salon services visitor understands and agrees to follow the applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

   (C) training each salon services visitor on proper PPE usage and infection control measures, hand hygiene, and cough and sneeze etiquette;
(D) the salon services visitor must wear a facemask and any other appropriate PPE recommended by CDC guidance and the facility’s policy while in the facility.

(E) expectations regarding using only designated entrances and exits as directed; and

(F) limiting visitation to the area designated by the facility in accordance with paragraph (2) of this subsection.

(6) The assisted living facility must:

(A) inform the salon services visitor of applicable policies, procedures, and requirements;

(B) approve the visitor’s facemask or provide an approved facemask;

(C) maintain documentation of the salon services visitor’s agreement to follow the applicable policies, procedures and requirements;

(D) maintain documentation of the salon services visitor’s training as required in paragraph (5)(C) of this subsection;

(E) document the identity of each salon services visitor in the facility’s records and verify the identity of the salon services visitor; and

(F) maintain a record of each salon services visit, including:

(i) the date and time of the arrival and departure of the salon services visitor;

(ii) the name of the salon services visitor;

(iii) the name of the resident being visited; and

(iv) attestation that the identity of the salon services visitor was confirmed; and

(G) prevent visitation by the salon services visitor if the resident has an active COVID-19 infection.

(7) The facility may cancel the salon services visit if the salon services visitor fails to comply with the facility’s policy regarding salon services visits or applicable requirements in this section.

(j) If, at any time after facility visitation designation is approved by HHSC, the area, unit, wing, hall, or building accommodating residents who are COVID-19 negative,
or facility-wide for small assisted living facilities that received visitation designation in accordance with subsection (g)(4) of this section, experiences an outbreak of COVID-19, the facility must notify the Regional Director in the LTCR Region where the facility is located that the area, unit, wing, hall, building or facility no longer meets visitation criteria, and all visit types authorized under the facility’s visitation designation, including outdoor visits, open window visits, vehicle parades, and indoor plexiglass visits, must be cancelled until the area, unit, wing, hall, building or facility meets the criteria described in subsection (g)(3) or (4) of this section.

(k) If an assisted living fails to comply with the requirements of this section, HHSC may rescind the visitation designation and may impose licensure remedies in accordance with Subchapter H of this chapter (relating to Enforcement).

(l) If an executive order or other direction is issued by the Governor of Texas, the President of the United States, or another applicable authority, that is more restrictive than this rule or any minimum standard relating to a facility, the facility must comply with the executive order or other direction.